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APPLICATION ELEMENTS

See MPEP chapter 600 concerning utility patent application contents.

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2. ☒ Specification, Claims & Abstract [Total Pages: 30]
3. ☒ Drawing(s) (35 USC 113) [Total Sheets: 10]
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8. ☒ Assignment Papers (cover sheet & document(s))
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11. ☒ Information Disclosure Statement (IDS)/PTO-1449 ☒ Copies of IDS Citations
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SPECIFICATION

TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

BE IT KNOWN THAT I, Yoshifusa Togawa, a citizen of Japan residing at Kawasaki-shi, Kanagawa, Japan have invented certain new and useful improvements in

INFORMATION PROCESSING APPARATUS, POWER CONTROL METHOD AND
RECORDING MEDIUM

of which the following is a specification : -

TITLE OF THE INVENTION

INFORMATION PROCESSING APPARATUS,
POWER CONTROL METHOD AND
RECORDING MEDIUM

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BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

1. Field of the Invention

The present invention generally relates to
information processing apparatuses, power control
10 methods and recording media, and more particularly
to an information processing apparatus which drives
a plurality of processing units according to
different types of files, a power control method
therefor and a recording medium used therewith.

15 In recent years, information processing
apparatuses have become small sized and portable
because they can operate using batteries. Maximum
reduction of dissipation power is needed for these
apparatuses. On the other hand, multimedia devices
20 have progressed, such that data which is processed
in the information processing apparatuses now
consist of a plurality of types of data such as
moving pictures, sound and still pictures. It is
necessary to activate a graphics board to display
25 the moving pictures and still pictures and to
activate a sound board to play back the sound data.
However, only the sound board needs to be activated
when the sound data is played back, but the moving
pictures and still pictures are not displayed. In
30 this case, if both the sound board and the graphics
board are activated together, the power efficiency
degrades because power which is supplied to the
graphics board is wasted. Accordingly, it is
desired to raise the power efficiency.

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2. Description of the Related Art

Conventionally, personal computers use
power save functions which become active if an

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access to the personal computers does not occur or
each of processing units spontaneously moves into a
suspend mode. Japanese Laid-Open Patent Application
No.57-104992, Japanese Laid-Open Patent Application
5 No.62-34218, Japanese Laid-Open Patent Application
No.4-364266, Japanese Laid-Open Patent Application
No.8-307783 and Japanese Laid-Open Patent
Application No.9-163043 disclose examples of methods
to achieve a high power efficiency for electrical
10 apparatuses.

Japanese Laid-Open Patent Application
No.57-104992 discloses a power save control method.
In the method, a first mode or a second mode is
detected. When the second mode is detected, power
15 which is supplied in the first mode is shut down.
Therefore, the first mode becomes inactive when the
second mode is active.

Japanese Laid-Open Patent Application
No.62-34218 discloses an electrical apparatus of
20 which operators can decide whether to execute a
power save operation.

Japanese Laid-Open Patent Application
No.4-364266 discloses a power save apparatus for a
sound circuit to shut down the sound circuit
25 according to a result of detection of whether a CD
is a CD-ROM or a musical CD based on TOC (Table of
Contents) information.

Japanese Laid-Open Patent Application
No.8-307783 discloses a television apparatus which
30 is equipped with a CD player. The television
apparatus detects whether a CD is in place in the CD
player. If the CD is in place in the CD player, the
television apparatus detects a type of the CD. Then,
the television apparatus controls the CD player
35 according to the presence of the CD in it and drives
necessary circuits according to the type of the CD.

Japanese Laid-Open Patent Application

No.9-163043 discloses a copy system, to which sub-
controllers for expansion may or may not be
connected, which copy system enables an optimum
power save control. However, the copy system does
5 not execute the power save control if the sub-
controllers for expansion are not connected.

The method disclosed in Japanese Laid-Open
Patent Application No.57-104992 only executes the
power save control according to the mode. Therefore,
10 the method does not achieve a precise power save
control according to a type of data or for each of
the processing units.

In the method disclosed in Japanese Laid-
Open Patent Application No.62-34218, each of the
15 processing units which is not used must be manually
shut down. As users don't usually shut down the
processing units, power is not saved.

The apparatus disclosed in Japanese Laid-
Open Patent Application No.4-364266 executes a power
20 save control according to the TOC information of
each medium when a CD-ROM is inserted and its TOC
information is read. Therefore, it does not achieve
the precise power save control.

The apparatus disclosed in Japanese Laid-
25 Open Patent Application No.8-307783 controls
circuits according to whether a CD is inserted in it
and the type of CD when the CD is inserted. It does
not execute the precise power save control according
to information recorded on the CD or for each
30 processing unit which is driven.

The copy system disclosed in Japanese
Laid-Open Patent Application No.9-163043 only
executes the power save control when the sub-
controllers for expansion are connected. Therefore,
35 it does not achieve the precise power save control
according to the type of data or for each of the
processing units.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

It is a general object of the present invention to provide information processing apparatuses, power control methods and recording medium in which the above disadvantages are eliminated.

A more specific object of the present invention is to provide information processing apparatuses, power control methods and recording medium which achieve the precise power save control.

The above objects of the present invention are achieved by an apparatus which drives a plurality of driving units according to data to be processed. The information processing apparatus includes a detection unit which detects type of the data to be processed and a control unit which controls each of the plurality of driving units according to the type of the data to be processed.

The above objects of the present invention are achieved by an apparatus which drives a plurality of driving units according to data to be processed. The information processing apparatus includes a control unit which controls each of the plurality of driving units according to control data added to the data to be processed.

The above objects of the present invention are achieved by a method which controls power supplied to a plurality of driving units to be supplied with data to be processed. The power control method includes the steps of (a)detecting a type of the data to be processed and (b)controlling each of the plurality of driving units according to said type of the data to be processed.

The above objects of the present invention are achieved by a method which controls power supplied to a plurality of driving units to be

supplied with data to be processed. The power control method includes a step for controlling each of the plurality of driving units according to control data added to the data to be processed.

5 The above objects of the present invention are also achieved by a computer readable recording medium from which a program can be read by a computer that drives a plurality of driving units according to data to be processed. The computer
10 readable recording medium includes the program which has a detection procedure for detecting a type of the data to be processed and a control procedure for controlling each of the plurality of driving units according to the type of the data to be processed.

15 The above objects of the present invention are also achieved by a computer readable recording medium from which a program can be read by a computer that drives a plurality of driving units according to data to be processed. The computer
20 readable recording medium includes the program which has a control procedure for controlling each of the plurality of driving units according to control data added to the data to be processed.

 The above objects of the present
25 invention are also achieved by a computer readable recording medium which includes data that has driving data to be supplied to driving units and control data used to control other driving units.

 According to this invention, the types of
30 the data are detected and if the data can not be processed by the driving units, the driving units can be stopped. Consequently, the driving units which are not used are automatically stopped, so that dissipation power can be reduced.

35 According to this invention, the types of the data are detected and if the data can not be processed by the driving units, the driving units

are not supplied with the power. Consequently, the driving units which are not used are automatically stopped, so that the dissipation power can be reduced.

5 Further, according to this invention, the driving units are controlled by the control data which are added to the data. Consequently, the driving units which are not used are automatically stopped, so that the dissipation power can be
10 reduced.

 According to this invention, the driving units are selected according to the control data used to control the driving units. The driving units which are not used are not supplied with the
15 power. Consequently, the driving units which are not used are automatically stopped, so that the dissipation power can be reduced.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

20 Other objects, features and advantages of the present invention will become more apparent from the following detailed description when read in conjunction with the accompanying drawings, in which:

25 FIG. 1 is a block diagram of a first embodiment of the present invention;

 Fig. 2 is a block diagram of a hard disc drive controller according to the first embodiment of the present invention;

30 Fig. 3 is a block diagram of a floppy disc drive controller according to the first embodiment of the present invention;

 Fig. 4 is a block diagram of a sound board controller according to the first embodiment of the
35 present invention;

 Fig. 5 is a block diagram of a graphics board controller according to the first embodiment

of the present invention;

Fig. 6 is a flowchart for registering a power save mode according to the first embodiment of the present invention;

5 Fig. 7 is a data structure of a power save mode table according to the first embodiment of the present invention;

Fig. 8 is a flowchart of a power save control in a CPU according to the first embodiment
10 of the present invention;

Fig. 9 is another example of a data structure of a register for the power save mode table according to the first embodiment of the present invention; and

15 Fig. 10 is a flowchart of a power save control in the CPU according to a second embodiment of the present invention;

Fig. 11 is a structure of data processed by the CPU according to the second embodiment of the
20 present invention.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

Fig.1 is a block diagram of a first embodiment of the present invention. An information
25 processing apparatus 100 of this embodiment is mainly made up of a CPU 101, a memory 102, a ROM 103, a hard disc drive 104, a hard disc drive controller 105, a floppy disc drive 106, a floppy disc drive controller 107, a CD-ROM drive 108, a sound board
30 109, a speaker 110, a sound board controller 111, a graphics board 112, a display device 113, a graphics board controller 114 and a bus 115.

The CPU 101 processes data by desired programs. The memory 102 stores the program and the
35 data. The ROM 103 stores an OS to boot up the information processing apparatus 100.

The hard disc drive 104 mainly include a

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main body of the hard disc drive 116 and a hard disc drive control board 117. The main body of the hard disc drive 116 has hard discs 118 in it and magnetically stores and retrieves the data on the hard discs. The hard disc drive control board 117 controls the main body of the hard disc drive 116 in response to commands from the bus 115.

The hard disc drive controller 105, which is connected between the hard disc drive 104 and the bus 115, controls the hard disc drive 104 in response to the data processed by the CPU 101.

The floppy disc drive 106 is mainly composed of a main body of the floppy disc drive 119 and a floppy disc drive control board 120. The main body of the floppy disc drive 119, into which a floppy disc 121 is inserted, magnetically stores and retrieves the data on the floppy discs. The floppy disc drive control board 120, which is connected between the main body of the floppy disc drive 119 and the floppy disc drive controller 107, controls the main body of the floppy disc drive 119 in response to the commands from the bus 115.

The floppy disc drive controller 107, which is connected between the floppy disc drive 106 and the bus 115, controls the floppy disc drive 106 in response to the data processed by the CPU 101.

The CD-ROM drive 108, into which a CD-ROM disc 122 is inserted, reads recorded data on the CD-ROM disc in response to the commands from the bus 115 and supplies the data to the bus 115.

The sound board 109 converts sound data into analog sound signals, amplifies them and supplies them to the speaker 110. The speaker 110 converts the analog sound signals into sounds.

The sound board controller 111, which is connected between the sound board 109 and the bus 115, controls the sound board 109 in response to the

data processed by the CPU 101.

The graphics board 112 converts the data from the bus 115 into signals which can be displayed on the display device 113, e.g., RGB signals, and supplies them to the display device 113. The display device 113 displays pictures according to the signals from the graphics board 112.

The graphics board controller 114, which is connected between the graphics board 112 and the bus 115, controls the graphics board 112 in response to the data processed by the CPU 101.

The CPU 101, the memory 102, the ROM 103, the hard disc drive 104 through the hard disc drive controller 105, the floppy disc drive 106 through the floppy disc drive controller 107, the sound board 109 through the sound board controller 111 and the graphics board 112 through the graphics board controller 114 are attached to the bus 115. The commands and the data are exchanged among these components through the bus 115.

Fig.2 shows a block diagram of the hard disc drive controller 105 according to the first embodiment of the present invention. The hard disc drive controller 105 mainly has a gate 123, an OR gate 124, switches 125,126, and a register 127.

The gate 123 is connected to the bus 115, a voltage source 130 and the hard disc drive control board 117. The voltage source 130 converts an input power source V_{in} into a voltage source for the CPU 101, the memory 102, and so on.

The gate 123 controls the status of connection among the bus 115, the voltage source 130 and the hard disc drive control board 117 based on an output signal of the OR gate 124.

The OR gate 124 receives a power on/off flag 128 and a suspend/resume flag 129 from the register 127 and outputs a logical add value. The

5 As a result, the hard disc control board 117 is connected to the bus 115, so that commands from the bus 115 may be for processed.

If the power on/off flag 128 in the register 127 is "0"(zero), the gate 123 turns off, so that the hard disc drive control board 117 is disconnected from both the power and the bus 115.

20 The hard disc drive controller 105 turns
the switch 126 on when the suspend/resume flag 129
in the register 127 is "1"(one). If the switch 125
is on, the power is supplied to the main body of the
hard disc drive 116 and therefore the spindle motor
25 is driven.

If the suspend/resume flag 129 in the register 127 is "0"(zero), the hard disc drive controller 105 turns the switch 126 off and stops
35 the spindle motor in the main body of the hard disc drive 116.

If the suspend/resume flag 129 in the

register 127 is "0"(zero), the gate 123 turns off, so that the hard disc drive control board 117 is disconnected from the power and the bus 115.

As explained above, if the suspend/resume flag 129 in the register 127 is "0"(zero), while the power on/off flag 128 is "1"(one), the power is only supplied to the voltage source of the hard disc drive 131 in the hard disc drive 104. Therefore, only the circuits supplied with the power by the voltage source of the hard disc drive 131 are operational.

Next, the floppy disc drive controller 107 will be explained. Fig.3 shows a block diagram of the floppy disc drive controller according to the first embodiment of the present invention. The floppy disc drive controller 107 is mainly made up of a gate 132, an OR gate 133, switches 134,135, and a register 136.

The gate 132 is connected to the bus 115, the voltage source 130 and the floppy disc drive control board 120. The voltage source 130 converts the input power source V_{in} into a voltage source for the CPU 101, the memory 102, and so on.

The gate 132 controls the status of connection among the bus 115, the voltage source 130 and the floppy disc drive control board 120 based on an output signal of the OR gate 133.

The OR gate 133 receives a power on/off flag 137 and a suspend/resume flag 138 from the register 136 and outputs the logical add value. The register 136 is connected to the CPU 101 and holds values in the power on/off flag 137 and the suspend/resume flag 138 in response to commands from the CPU 101.

The switch 134 is connected to the input power source V_{in} , a voltage source of the floppy disc drive 139 and the switch 135. The voltage

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As explained above, if the suspend/resume flag 138 in the register 136 is "0"(zero) while the power on/off flag 137 is "1"(one), the power is only supplied to the voltage source of the floppy disc

drive 139 in the floppy disc drive 106. Therefore, only the circuits supplied with the power by the voltage source of the floppy disc drive 139 are operational.

5 Next, the sound board controller 111 will be explained. Fig.4 shows a block diagram of the sound board controller according to the first embodiment of the present invention. The sound board controller 111 mainly includes a gate 140, an
10 OR gate 141 and a register 142. The gate 140 is connected to the bus 115, the voltage source 130 and the sound board 109. The gate 140 controls the status of connection among the bus 115, the voltage source 130 and the sound board 109 based on an
15 output signal of the OR gate 141.

 The OR gate 141 receives a power on/off flag 143 and a suspend/resume flag 144 from the register 142 and outputs the logical add value. The register 142 is connected to the CPU 101 and holds
20 values in the power on/off flag 143 and the suspend/resume flag 144 in response to commands from the CPU 101.

 The CPU 101 detects the type of the data of the file with the method described later and
25 writes the values to the power on/off flag 143 and the suspend/resume flag 144 in the register 142 according to the type of the data of the file.

 The sound board controller 111 turns the gate 140 on when the power on/off flag 143 in the
30 register 142 is "1"(one). If the gate 140 turns on, the sound board 109 is connected to both the voltage source 130 and the bus 115. The sound board 109 converts sound data into the analog sound signals and supplies them to the speaker 110. The speaker
35 110 converts analog sound signals into sounds.

 If the power on/off flag 143 in the register 142 is "0"(zero), the gate 140 turns off,

so that the sound board 109 is disconnected from both the voltage source 130 and the bus 115. Therefore, the sound board 109 completely stops.

If the suspend/resume flag 144 in the register 142 is "1"(one), the sound board controller 111 turns on the gate 140, so that the sound board 109 is connected to both the voltage source 130 and the bus 115. Therefore, the sound board 109 is operational and drives the speaker 110 according to the data from the bus 115. The speaker 110 converts the analog sound signals into sounds.

If the suspend/resume flag 144 in the register 142 is "0"(zero), the gate 140 turns off, so that the sound board 109 is disconnected from both the voltage source 130 and the bus 115. Therefore, the sound board 109 completely stops.

Next, the graphics board controller 114 will be explained. Fig.5 shows a block diagram of the graphics board controller according to the first embodiment of the present invention.

The graphics board controller 114 includes a gate 145, an OR gate 146, a switch 147 and a register 148. The gate 145 is connected to the bus 115, the voltage source 130 and the graphics board 112. The gate 145 controls the status of connection among the bus 115, the voltage source 130 and the graphics board 112 based on an output signal of the OR gate 146.

The OR gate 146 receives a power on/off flag 149 and a suspend/resume flag 150 from the register 148 and outputs the logical add value of the power on/off flag 149 and the suspend/resume flag 150 from the register 148.

The switch 147 is connected to the input power source Vin and a voltage source of the display device 151. The switch 147 controls supply of the input voltage Vin to the voltage source of the

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device 113 turns off.

If the power on/off flag 149 in the register 148 is "0"(zero), the gate 145 turns off, so that the graphics board 112 is disconnected from both the voltage source 130 and the bus 115. As a result, the graphics board 112 stops.

The graphics controller 114 turns the gate 145 on when the suspend/resume flag 150 in the register 148 is "1"(one). If the gate 145 turns on, the graphics board 112 is connected to both the voltage source 130 and the bus 115. Therefore, the graphics board becomes operational. The graphics board 112 drives the display device 113 to display the pictures on the display device 113 according to the display data from the bus 115.

If the suspend/resume flag 150 in the register 148 is "0"(zero), the gate 145 turns off, so that the graphics board 112 is disconnected from the voltage source 130 and the bus 115. Therefore, the graphics board 112 stops.

Next, the operation of the CPU 101 will be explained. Fig.6 shows a flowchart to register a power save mode according to the first embodiment of the present invention. At the first step S1-1, a procedure to register the power save mode is selected in the CPU 101. Then, at the second step S1-2, types of data are defined. Next, for each predefined type of data, information on devices in which to shut the power down or to enter into the suspend mode when the predefined type of data is detected is registered. The information which is to be registered include names of the devices, the type of power save mode, such as power on/off or suspend/resume, and so on.

Next, the registered information in the step S1-2 is written in a power save mode table. The power save mode table is assigned in the memory

102.

Fig.7 shows the data structure of the power save mode table according to the first embodiment of the present invention. The names of the devices and their power save information, which shows what kind of power save control is to be performed, such as power on/off or suspend/resume, in each type of data such as MPEG, MIDI and so on, are registered in the power save mode table.

The CPU 101 detects the type of data and determines the kind of power save control to be done by referring to the power save mode table. Then, the CPU 101 executes the power save control by controlling each of the board controllers according to the determined power save control mode described above.

Fig.8 shows a flowchart of the power save control in the CPU 101 according to the first embodiment of the present invention.

The CPU 101 reads data from the CD-ROM 122 which is inserted in the CD-ROM drive 108 according to the desired application program. At the same time, the CPU 101 executes the power save control in parallel with the execution of the application program.

The CPU 101 starts the execution of the power save control when the data is read from the CD-ROM 122 according to the application program (S2-1). Next, the CPU 101 detects the type of the data (S2-2). Then, the CPU 101 reads the power save information from the predetermined power save mode table according to the type of the data detected in step S2-2, the power save information including such as the names of the devices and the power save mode to be applied to the devices, i.e., the power on/off mode or the suspend/resume mode (S2-3).

The power save information which is read

in step S2-3 is written to each of the registers 127, 136, 142, 148 in each of the board controllers 105, 107, 111, 114 according to the names of the devices which are also read from the power save mode table.

5 Each of the board controllers 105, 107, 111, 114 executes the power save control, such as the power on/off mode or the suspend/resume mode, based on the power save information stored in each of the registers 127, 136, 142, 148 (S2-4).

10 Steps from S2-1 to S2-4 described above are repeated until the CPU 101 halts the execution of the application program when the end of the application program is detected.

It is possible that users can freely
15 select the boards for which the power save control will be applied by writing the information in the power save mode table shown in Fig.7 according to the types of the data with the procedure shown in Fig.6.

20 It is possible to collect all the separate registers 127, 136, 142, 148, which are associated with each of the board controllers 105, 107, 111, 114 in the first embodiment, into one register.

Fig. 9 is another example of the data
25 structure of the register for the power save mode table according to the first embodiment of the present invention. Fig.9(A) shows the construction of the register and Fig.9(B) shows the data structure of the power save information in each
30 element of the register.

A register 160 has of memory areas from
161-1 to 161-n which store the power save
information for each device. Each of the memory
areas 161-1 to 161-n stores the device name or
35 identification number information 162a and the power
save information 162b applied to the corresponding
device. Each of the board controllers 105, 107, 111,

114 is controlled during its power save operation with the corresponding power save information held in the register 160.

In this embodiment, the power save control
5 is executed according to the power save mode table. However, the power save control may be executed according to predetermined power save information associated with the data which is used in the application program.

10 Fig.10 shows a flowchart of the power save control in the CPU according to a second embodiment of the present invention. Explanation of the structure is omitted because it is the same structure as shown in Fig.1 to Fig.6.

15 The CPU 101 reads the data from the CD-ROM 122 which is inserted in the CD-ROM drive 108 according to the application program. At the same time, the CPU 101 executes the power save control in parallel with the execution of the application
20 program.

The CPU 101 starts the execution of the power save control when the data is read from the CD-ROM 122 according to the application program (S3-1). Next, the CPU 101 detects the power save
25 information prerecorded on the CD-ROM 122 just before the data which is used in the application program (S3-2).

The power save information prerecorded just before the data is explained below.

30 Fig.11 shows the structure of the data processed by the CPU according to the second embodiment of the present invention. Fig.11(A) shows the structure of the data 170 which is recorded in the CD-ROM 122 and Fig.11(B) shows the
35 structure of the power save information 172. In this embodiment, the power save information 172 is prerecorded just before the main data 171 in the

data 170. The power save information 172 shows the devices which do not use the main data 171.

The power save information 172 includes a flag 173, information to designate the devices 174 and the power save control information 175. If the flag 173 is off, the power save control is executed for the devices which are designated by the information to designate the devices 174 according to the power save control information 175. On the other hand, if the flag 173 is on, the power save control is executed for other devices which are not designated by the information to designate the devices 174 according to the power save control information 175. Thus, the information to designate the devices 174 designates the devices to execute the power save control according to the power save control information 175 when the flag 173 is off. The power save control information 175 shows the kinds of the power save control operations which are to be executed, the kinds includes such as the power on/off control or the suspend/resume control.

Next, the explanation of the flowchart of Fig.10 will be continued.

When the power save information 172 is detected in step S3-2, the CPU 101 writes the power save control information 175 in each of the registers 127, 136, 142, 148 in each of the board controllers 105, 107, 111, 114 according to the information to designate the devices 174 (S3-3). Then, each of the board controllers 105, 107, 111, 114 executes the power save operation according to the power save control information 175 written in each of the registers 127, 136, 142, 148 (S3-4).

Step from S3-1 to S3-4 described above are repeated until the CPU 101 halts the execution of the application program when the end of the application program is detected.

This embodiment enables automatic execution of the power save control for each board according to the power save information recorded on the recording media.

- 5 The present invention is not limited to the specifically disclosed embodiments, and variations and modifications may be made without departing from the scope of the present invention.

- 10 The present application is based on Japanese priority application No.10-192009 filed on July 7, 1998, the entire contents of which are thereby incorporated by reference.

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WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

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1. An information processing apparatus which drives a plurality of driving means according to data to be processed, the information processing apparatus comprising:

10 a detection unit which detects type of the data to be processed; and

a control unit which controls each of said plurality of driving means according to said type of the data to be processed.

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2. The information processing apparatus as claimed in claim 1, wherein said control unit controls a power source which supplies power to said plurality of driving means.

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3. The information processing apparatus as claimed in claim 2, wherein said control unit supplies power to each of said plurality of driving means that can process said data to be processed and stops supplying power to each of said plurality of driving means that cannot process said data to be processed.

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4. An information processing apparatus which drives a plurality of driving means according to data to be processed, the information processing apparatus comprising:

5 a control unit which controls each of said plurality of driving means according to control data added to said data to be processed.

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5. The information processing apparatus as claimed in claim 4, wherein said control unit controls a power source which supplies power to said
15 plurality of driving means.

20 6. A power control method which controls power supplied to a plurality of driving means to be supplied with data to be processed, the power control method comprising the steps of:

25 (a) detecting a type of the data to be processed; and

 (b) controlling each of said plurality of driving means according to said type of the data to be processed.

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7. The power control method as claimed in claim 6, wherein said step (b) controls a power
35 source which supplies the power to said plurality of driving means.

8. The power control method as claimed in
5 claim 7, wherein said step (b) supplies power to
each of said plurality of driving means that can
process said data to be processed, and stops
supplying power to each of said plurality of driving
means that cannot process said data to be processed.
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9. A power control method which controls
15 power supplied to a plurality of driving means to be
supplied with data to be processed, the power
control method comprising:
a step of controlling each of said
plurality of driving means according to control data
20 added to said data to be processed.

10. The power control method as claimed
25 in claim 9, wherein said step controls a power
source which supplies the power to said plurality of
driving means.

30

11. A computer readable recording medium
from which a program can be read by a computer which
35 drives a plurality of driving means according to
data to be processed, the computer readable
recording medium comprising:

the program comprising:

a detection procedure for detecting a type of the data to be processed; and

a control procedure for controlling each
5 of said plurality of driving means according to said type of the data to be processed.

10

12. The computer readable recording medium as claimed in claim 11, wherein said control procedure controls a power source which supplies power to said plurality of driving means.

15

13. The computer readable recording
20 medium as claimed in claim 11, wherein said control procedure supplies power to each of said plurality of driving means that can process said data to be processed and stops supplying the power to each of said plurality of driving means which can not
25 process said data to be processed.

30

14. A computer readable recording medium from which a program can be read by a computer which drives a plurality of driving means according to data to be processed, the computer readable recording medium comprising:

35

the program comprising:

a control procedure for controlling each of said plurality of driving means according to

control data added to said data to be processed.

5

15. The computer readable recording medium as claimed in claim 14, wherein said control procedure controls a power source which supplies power to said plurality of driving means.

10

16. The computer readable recording medium as claimed in claim 14, wherein said control procedure supplies power to each of said plurality of driving means that can process said data to be processed and stops supplying the power to each of said plurality of driving means which can not process said data to be processed.

17.A computer readable recording medium comprising:

data comprising:

driving data to be supplied to

driving means; and

control data used to control other driving means.

35

18. The computer readable recording medium as claimed in claim 16, wherein said control data is

recorded just before said driving data.

5

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An information processing apparatus which drives a plurality of driving units according to data to be processed includes a first unit which
 5 detects a type of the data to be processed and a second unit which controls each of the plurality of driving units according to the type of the data to be processed. Power save control information and names of devices applied to the power save control
 10 are read from a predetermined power save mode table according to the detected type of the data and a power save operation is executed for the driving units according to the power save control information.

15

FIG. 1

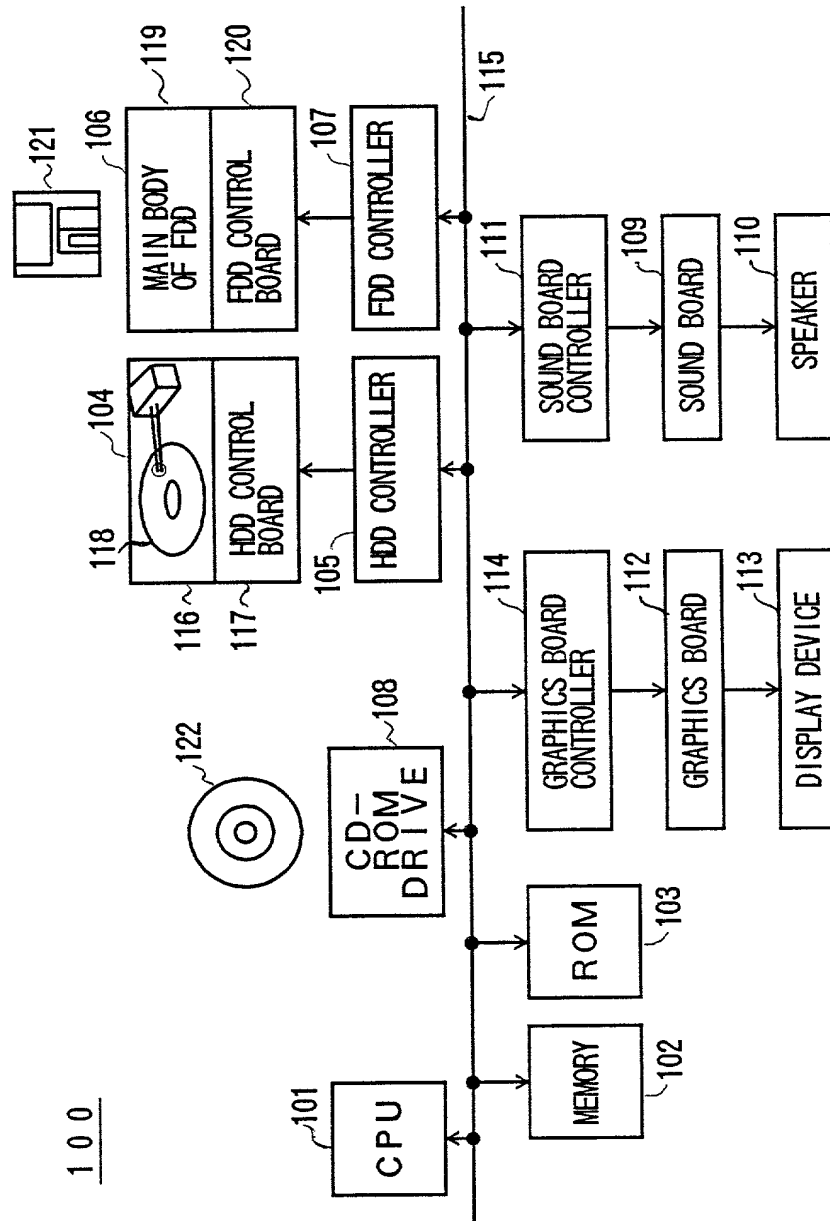


FIG. 2

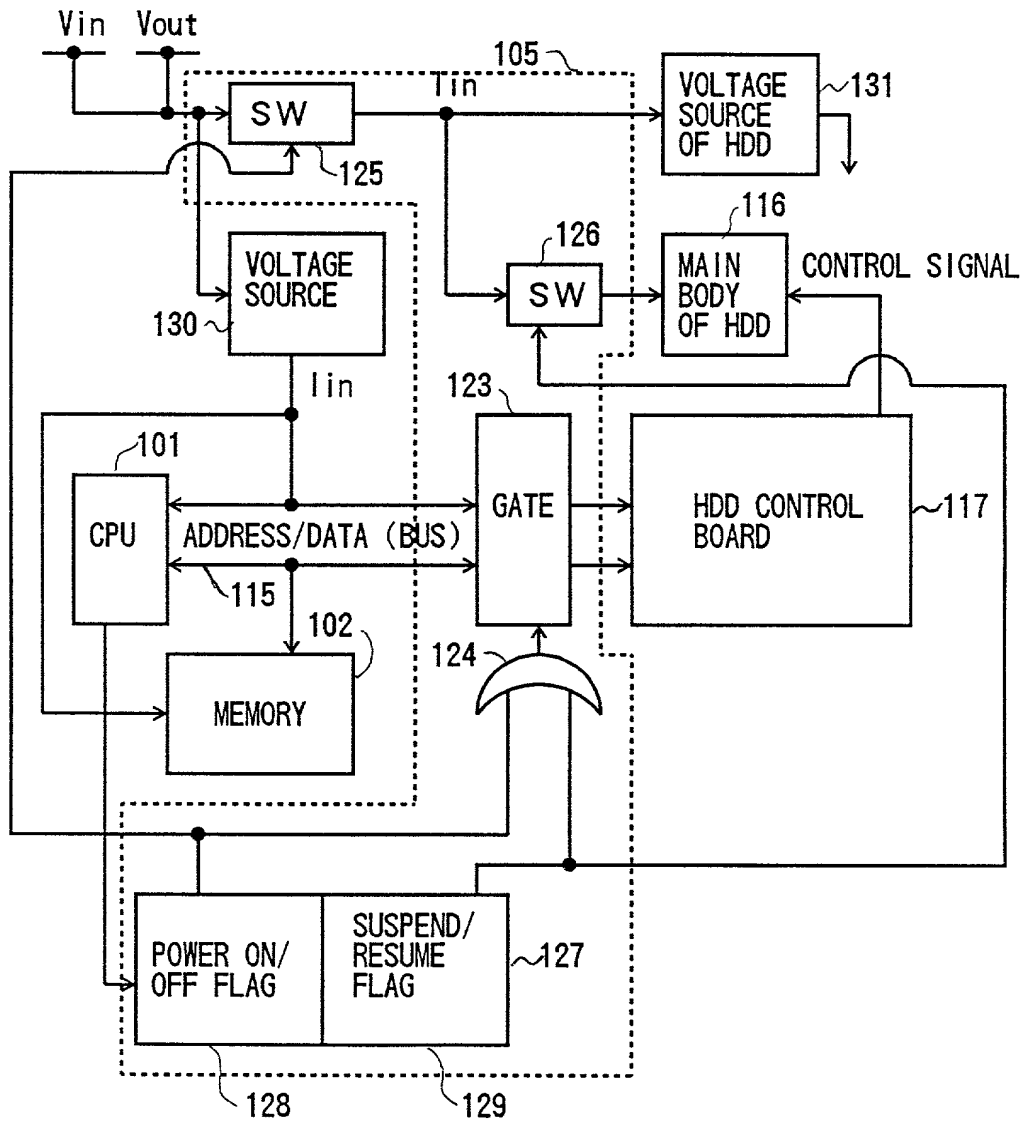


FIG. 3

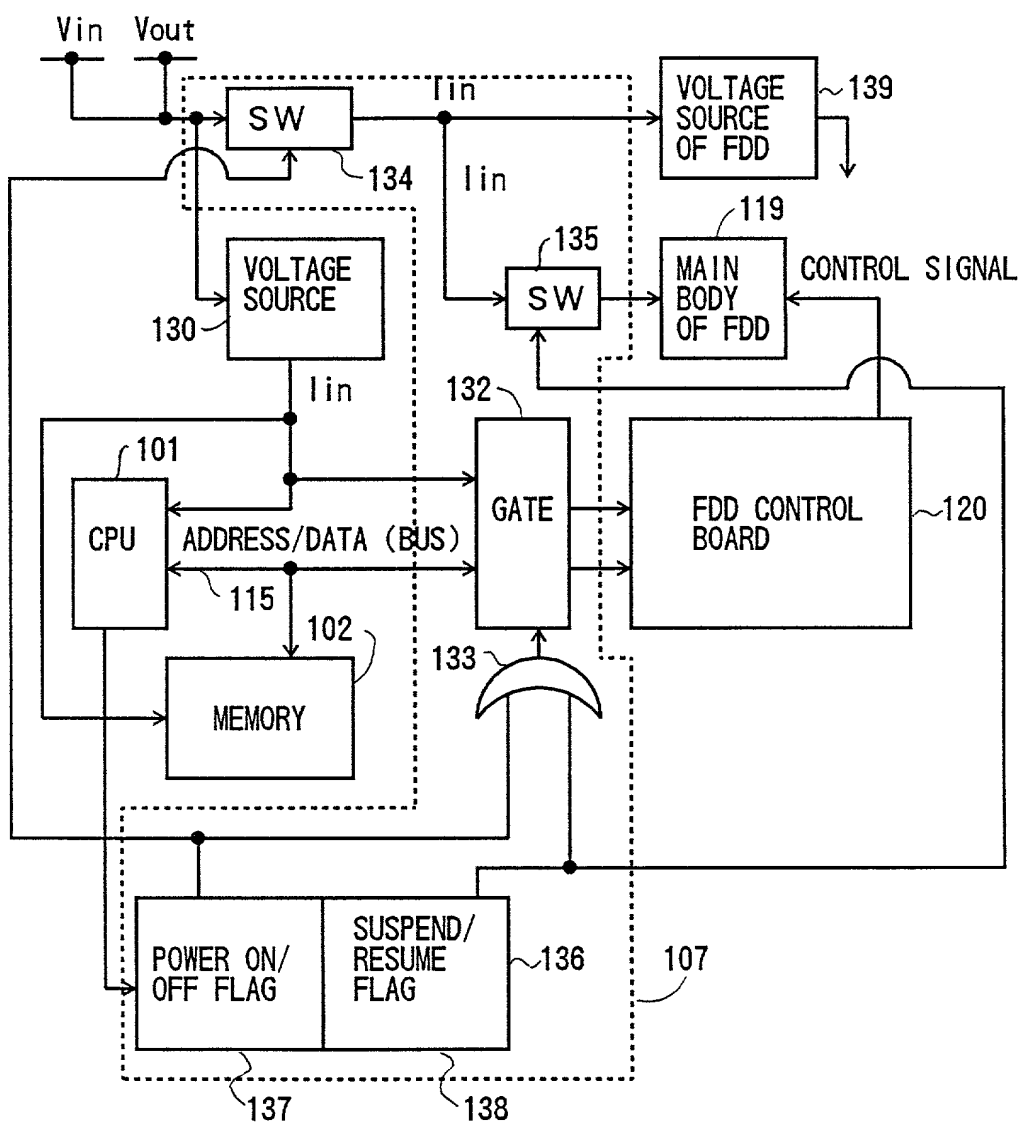


FIG. 4

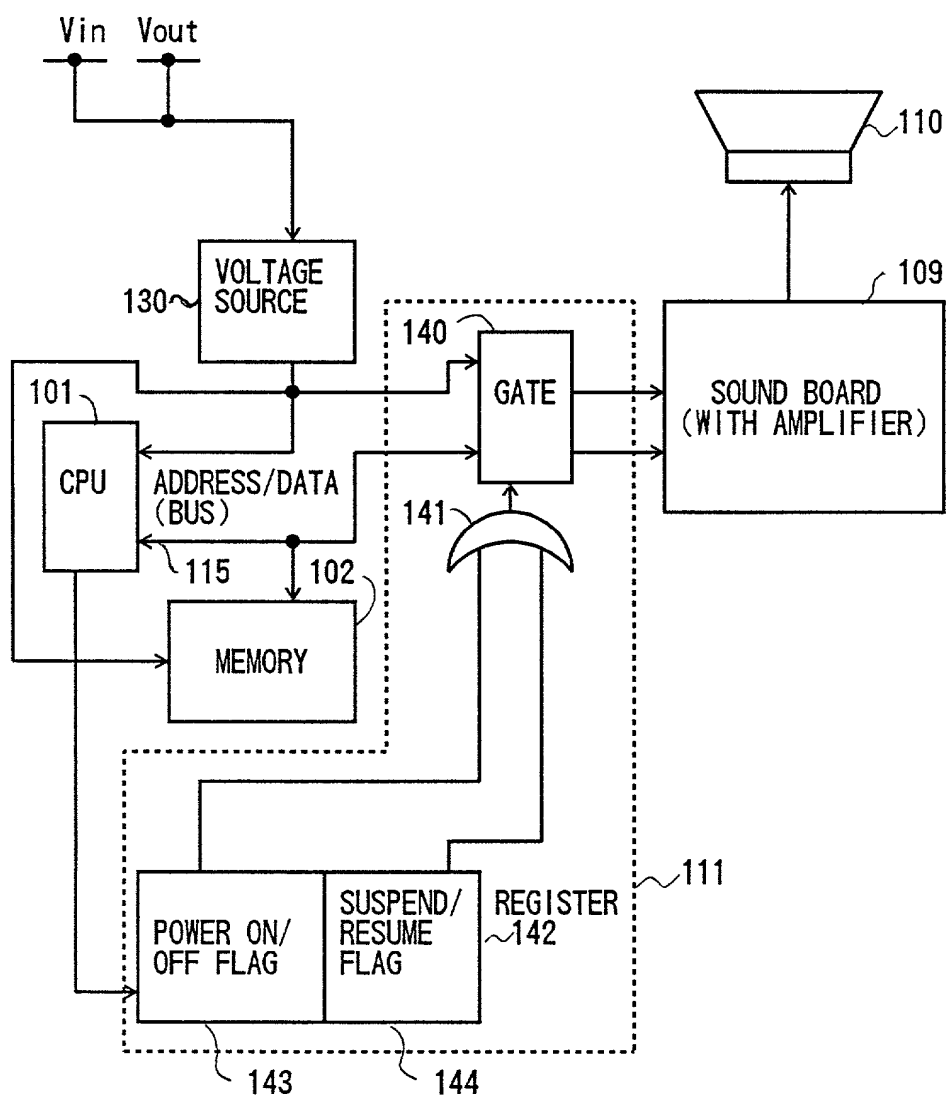


FIG. 5

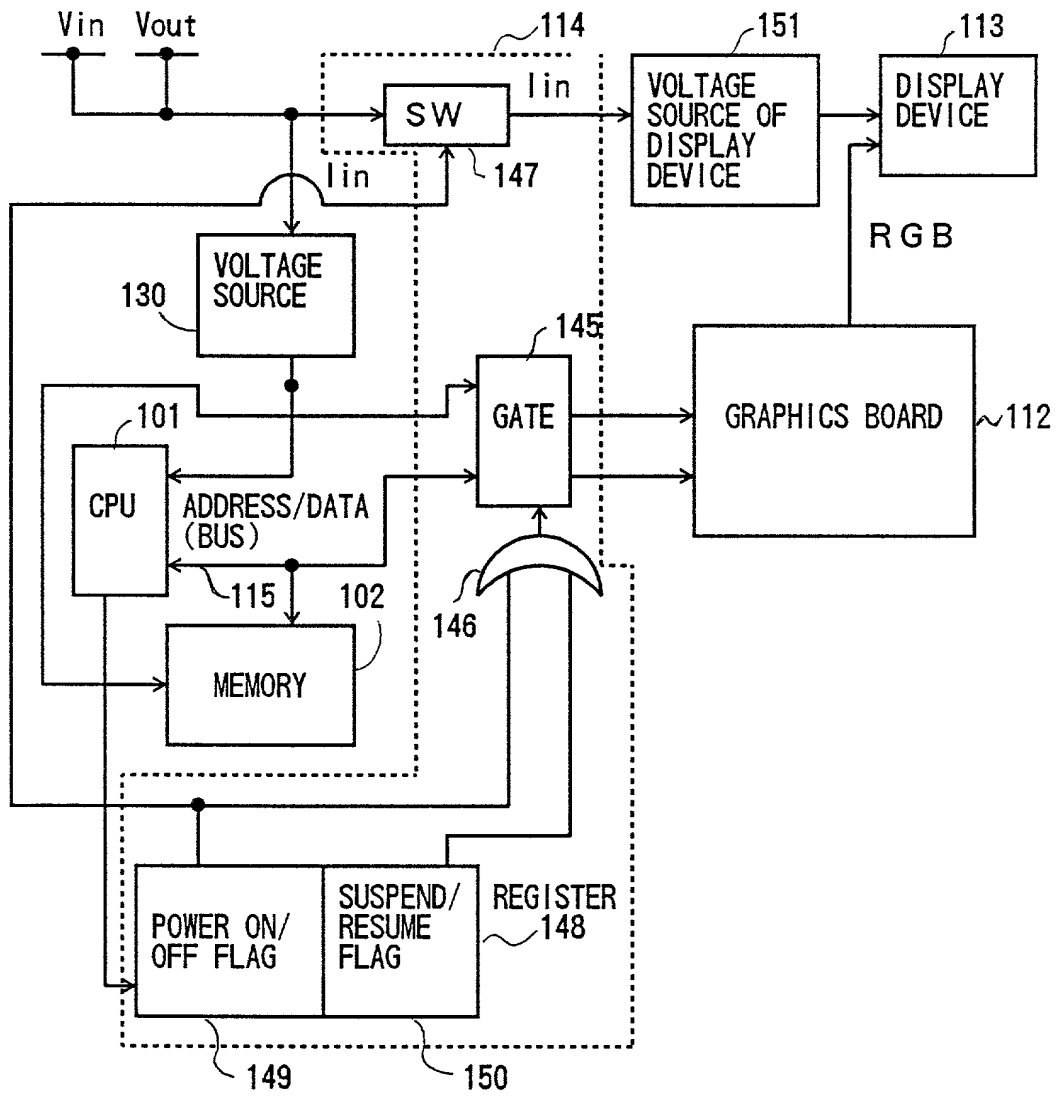


FIG. 6

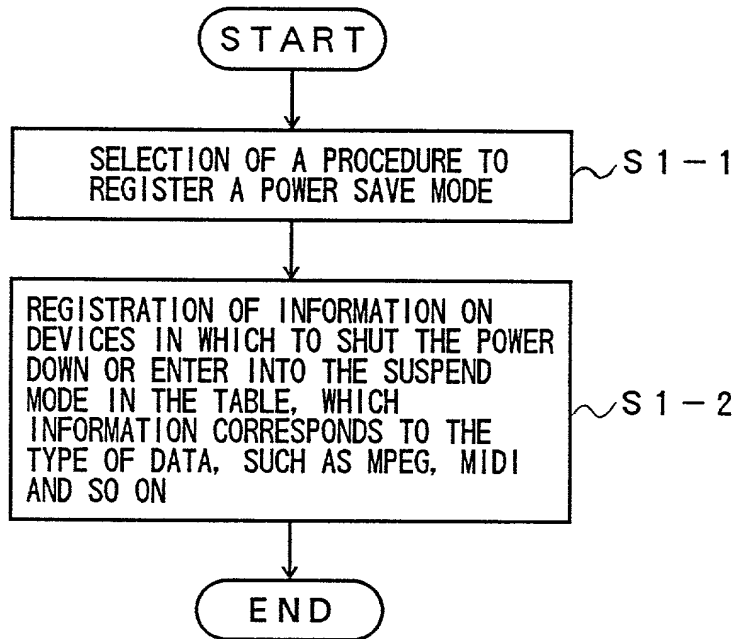


FIG. 7

M P E G	DEVICE 1-1	SUSPEND	DEVICE 1-n	POWER OFF
M I D I	DEVICE 2-1	POWER OFF	DEVICE 2-n	SUSPEND
.

FIG. 8

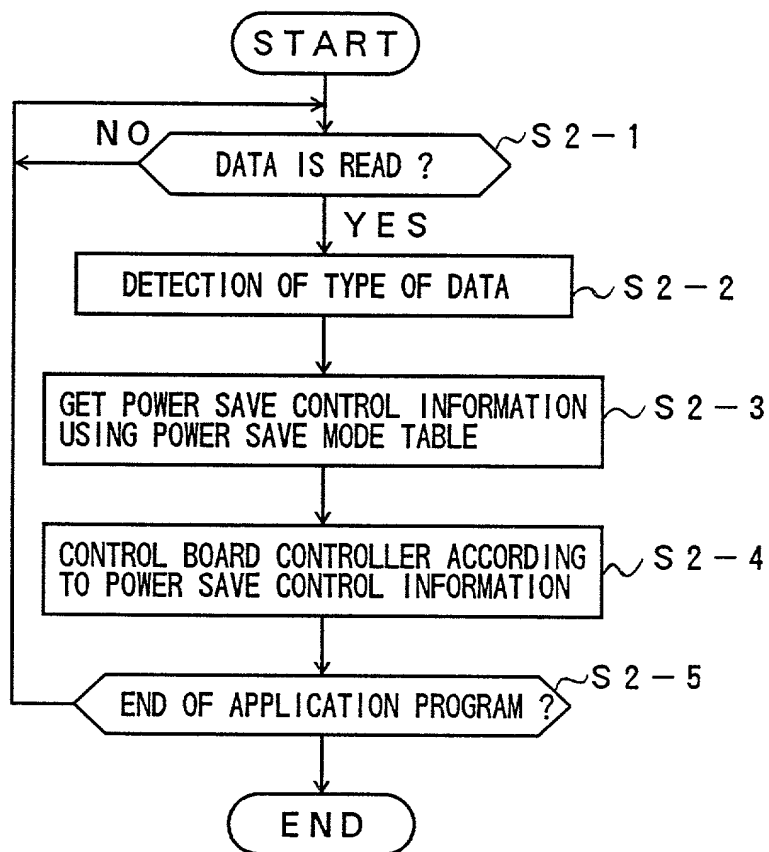
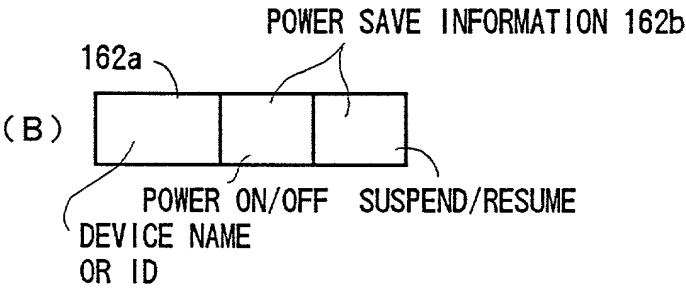
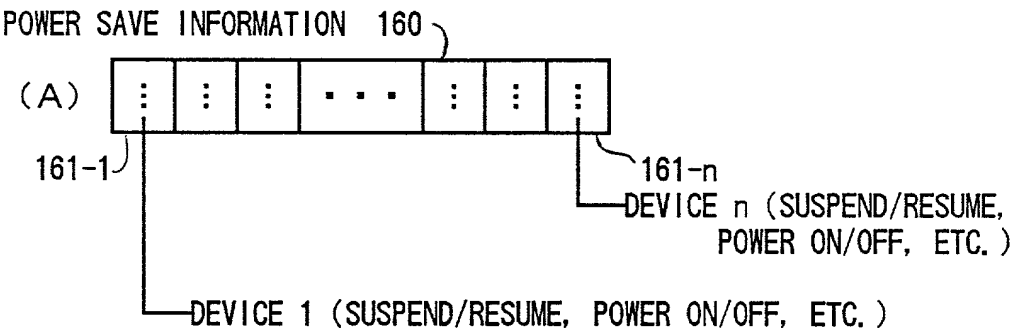
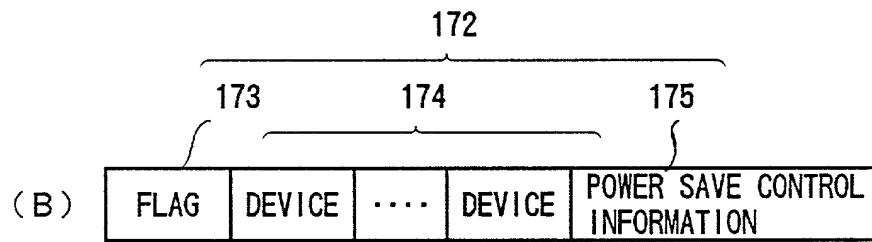


FIG. 9



[illegible]

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INFORMATION PROCESSING APPARATUS,

POWER CONTROL METHOD AND RECORDING

MEDIUM

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☐ was filed on _____
as United States Application Number or
PCT International Application Number
_____ and was amended on
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Prior Foreign Application(s) (Patent Application)

外国での先行出願
No.10-192009

Japan

(Number)
(番号)

(Country)
(国名)

(Number)
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(Country)
(国名)

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(Filing Date)
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(Filing Date)
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Priority Not Claimed

優先権主張なし

7/July/1998

(Day/Month/Year Filed)
(出願年月日)

(Day/Month/Year Filed)
(出願年月日)

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(出願番号)

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(現況: 特許許可済、係属中、放棄済)

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として、下記の者を指名いたします。(弁理士、または代理
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